



St Margaret Mary's Catholic Junior School Year 6 History Overview

	Unit	National Curriculum Coverage				
	Title	NC	Historical Skills	Chronological Understanding	Vocabulary	Outcomes
Autumn	World War 2	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066.	Chooses reliable sources of factual evidence to describe: houses and settlements; culture and leisure activities; clothes, way of life and actions of people; buildings and their uses; people's beliefs, religion and attitudes; things of importance to people; differences between lives of rich and poor. Identifies how any of above may have changed during a time period. Gives own reasons why changes may have occurred, backed up with evidence. Shows identified changes on a timeline. Describes similarities and differences between some people, events and objects studied. Describes how some changes affect life today. Makes links between some features of past societies. Understands that the past has been represented in different ways. Suggests accurate and plausible reasons for how/why aspects of the past have been represented and interpreted in different ways. Knows and understands that some evidence is propaganda, opinion or misinformation and that this affects interpretations of history. Identifies and uses different sources of information and artefacts. Evaluates the usefulness and accurateness of different sources of evidence. Selects the most appropriate source of evidence for particular tasks. Forms own opinions about historical events from a range of sources. Presents information in an organised and clearly structured way. Makes use of different ways of presenting information. Presents information in the most appropriate way (e.g. written explanation/tables and charts/labelled diagram). Makes accurate use of specific dates and terms.	Creates own timelines to place events, periods and cultural movements from around the world. Uses timelines to demonstrate periods of time and passing of time. Uses these key periods as reference points: BC, AD Romans, Anglo-Saxons, Victorians and Today. Describes main changes in a period in history using words such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural. Names date of any significant event studied from past and place it correctly on a timeline.	Ruler, power, cause and consequence, decades, pre, post, General, parliament, continuity and change, conflict, emigration, enemy, evidence, execution, freedom, immigration, invasion, justice, law, monarchy, nation, non-European, political party, power, Prime Minister, resistance,	considered to be





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		A study of an	Chooses reliable sources of factual evidence to describe: culture and leisure	Creates own timelines	pre, post,	To understand
Summer		aspect or	activities; clothes, way of life and actions of people; buildings and their uses;	to place events, periods	continuity and	how changes in
	on today.	theme in	people's beliefs, religion and attitudes; things of importance to people;	and cultural movements	change,	Britain from
		British	differences between lives of rich and poor.	from around the world.	evidence.	1930 have
		history that	Identifies how any of above may have changed during a time period.	Uses timelines to		impacted on
		extends	Gives own reasons why changes may have occurred, backed up with evidence.	demonstrate periods of		today.
	act	pupils'	Shows identified changes on a timeline.	time and passing of		
	and its impact	chronological	Describes similarities and differences between some people, events and	time.		
		knowledge	objects studied.			
	ρ	beyond 1066.	Describes how some changes affect life today.	Uses these key periods		
	-		Makes links between some features of past societies.	as reference points:		
	1930		Understands that the past has been represented in different ways.	BC, AD Romans, Anglo-		
			Suggests accurate and plausible reasons for how/why aspects of the past have	Saxons, Victorians and		
	و		been represented and interpreted in different ways.	Today. Describes main		
	 		Knows and understands that some evidence is propaganda, opinion or	changes in a period in		
	mel		misinformation and that this affects interpretations of history.	history using words		
	ain		Identifies and uses different sources of information and artefacts.	such as: social,		
	뒫		Evaluates the usefulness and accurateness of different sources of evidence.	religious, political,		
	id Entertainment from		Selects the most appropriate source of evidence for particular tasks.	technological and		
			Forms own opinions about historical events from a range of sources.	cultural.		
	and		Presents information in an organised and clearly structured way.			
	Leisure		Makes use of different ways of presenting information.	Names date of any		
			Presents information in the most appropriate way (e.g. written	significant event		
			explanation/tables and charts/labelled diagram).	studied from past and		
			Makes accurate use of specific dates and terms.	place it correctly on a		
				timeline		